Ref #	Hits	Search Query	DBs	Default Operator	Plurals	Time Stamp
L1	32	luo-ying.in.	US-PGPUB; USPAT; EPO; JPO; DERWENT	OR	ON	2005/07/08 14:19
L3	0	"xu-xiang.in"	US-PGPUB; USPAT	OR	ON	2005/07/08 14:24
L5	57	TRAF4	US-PGPUB; USPAT	OR	ON	2005/07/08 14:26
L6	765	TRAF	US-PGPUB; USPAT	OR	ON	2005/07/08 14:26
L7	2	Mkinase	US-PGPUB; USPAT	OR	ON	2005/07/08 14:31
L8	3	Mkinase	US-PGPUB; USPAT; EPO; JPO; DERWENT	OR	ON	2005/07/08 14:32

FILE 'MEDLINE, BIOSIS, EMBASE, CAPLUS' ENTERED AT 14:39:49 ON 08 JUL	2005
L1 245 S LUO YING/AU	
L2 178 S XU XIANG/AU	
L3 1 S MKINASE	
L4 4 S TRAF4(S) INTERACTING (S) PROTEIN?	
L5 182 DUP REM L1 (63 DUPLICATES REMOVED)	
L6 146 DUP REM L2 (32 DUPLICATES REMOVED)	

.

=> file medline biosis embase caplus

COST IN U.S. DOLLARS

SINCE FILE TOTAL ENTRY SESSION

FULL ESTIMATED COST

0.21 0.21

FILE 'MEDLINE' ENTERED AT 14:39:49 ON 08 JUL 2005

FILE 'BIOSIS' ENTERED AT 14:39:49 ON 08 JUL 2005

Copyright (c) 2005 The Thomson Corporation

FILE 'EMBASE' ENTERED AT 14:39:49 ON 08 JUL 2005

COPYRIGHT (C) 2005 Elsevier Inc. All rights reserved.

FILE 'CAPLUS' ENTERED AT 14:39:49 ON 08 JUL 2005

USE IS SUBJECT TO THE TERMS OF YOUR STN CUSTOMER AGREEMENT.

PLEASE SEE "HELP USAGETERMS" FOR DETAILS.

COPYRIGHT (C) 2005 AMERICAN CHEMICAL SOCIETY (ACS)

=> s luo ying/au

L1 245 LUO YING/AU

=> s xu xiang/au

L2 178 XU XIANG/AU

=> s mkinase

L3 1 MKINASE

=> s traf4(s) interacting (s) protein?

L4 4 TRAF4(S) INTERACTING (S) PROTEIN?

=> dup rem L1

PROCESSING COMPLETED FOR L1

L5 182 DUP REM L1 (63 DUPLICATES REMOVED)

=> dup rem L2

PROCESSING COMPLETED FOR L2

L6 146 DUP REM L2 (32 DUPLICATES REMOVED)

=> d ibib abs L3

L3 ANSWER 1 OF 1 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER:

2001:229044 CAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER:

134:265156

TITLE:

Traf4 associated cell cycle proteins, compositions and

methods of use

INVENTOR(S):

Luo, Ying; Huang, Betty

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S):

Rigel Pharmaceuticals, Inc., USA PCT Int. Appl., 68 pp.

SOURCE:

CODEN: PIXXD2

DOCUMENT TYPE:

Patent

LANGUAGE:

English

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT:

PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE			
WO 2001021799	A1 20010329	WO 2000-US40987	20000925			
WO 2001021799	C2 20020808	20020808				
W: AU, CA, JP,	US					
RW: AT, BE, CH,	CY, DE, DK, ES,	FI, FR, GB, GR, IE, IT,	LU, MC, NL,			
PT, SE		~*				
CA 2385879	AA 20010329	CA 2000-2385879	20000925			
EP 1218506	A1 20020703	EP 2000-975649	20000925			
R: AT, BE, CH,	DE, DK, ES, FR,	GB, GR, IT, LI, LU, NL,	SE, MC, PT,			

IE, FI, CY

T2 JP 2003510049 20030318 JP 2001-525357 20000925 PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.: US 1999-404010 Α 19990923

WO 2000-US40987 W 20000925

The present invention is directed to novel polypeptides, nucleic acids and AB related mols. which have an effect on or are related to the cell cycle. The novel cell cycle protein is a Mkinase and binds to Traf4, a tumor necrosis factor receptor-associated factor. Also provided herein are vectors and host cells comprising those nucleic acid sequences, chimeric polypeptide mols. comprising the polypeptides of the present invention fused to heterologous polypeptide sequences, antibodies which bind to the polypeptides of the present invention and to methods for producing the polypeptides of the present invention. Further provided by the present invention are methods for identifying novel compns. which mediate cell cycle bioactivity, and the use of such compns. in diagnosis and treatment of disease, e.g. induce apoptosis of tumor and cell proliferation in wound healing.

REFERENCE COUNT: 8 THERE ARE 8 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

## => d ibib abs L4

L4 ANSWER 1 OF 4 MEDLINE on STN ACCESSION NUMBER: 2002396330 MEDLINE DOCUMENT NUMBER: PubMed ID: 12023963

Involvement of TRAF4 in oxidative activation of c-Jun TITLE:

N-terminal kinase.

Xu You Cheng; Wu Ru Feng; Gu Ying; Yang Yih-Sheng; Yang AUTHOR:

Meng-Chun; Nwariaku Fiemu E; Terada Lance S

CORPORATE SOURCE: Department of Internal Medicine, University of Texas

Southwestern and The Dallas Veterans Affairs Medical

Center, Dallas, Texas 75216, USA.

CONTRACT NUMBER: R01-HL61897 (NHLBI)

SOURCE: Journal of biological chemistry, (2002 Aug 2) 277 (31)

28051-7. Electronic Publication: 2002-05-22. Journal code: 2985121R. ISSN: 0021-9258.

PUB. COUNTRY: United States

DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal; Article; (JOURNAL ARTICLE)

LANGUAGE: English

FILE SEGMENT: Priority Journals

ENTRY MONTH: 200209

ENTRY DATE: Entered STN: 20020730

> Last Updated on STN: 20030105 Entered Medline: 20020916

We previously found that the angiogenic factors TNFalpha and HIV-1 Tat AR activate an NAD(P)H oxidase in endothelial cells, which operates upstream of c-Jun N-terminal kinase (JNK), a MAPK involved in the determination of cell fate. To further understand oxidant-related signaling pathways, we screened lung and endothelial cell libraries for interaction partners of p47(phox) and recovered the orphan adapter TNF receptor-associated factor 4 (TRAF4). Domain analysis suggested a tail-to-tail interaction between the C terminus of p47(phox) and the conserved TRAF domain of TRAF4. In addition, TRAF4, like p47(phox), was recovered largely in the cytoskeleton/membrane fraction. Coexpression of p47(phox) and TRAF4 increased oxidant production and JNK activation, whereas each alone had minimal effect. In addition, a fusion between p47(phox) and the TRAF4 C terminus constitutively activated JNK, and this activation was decreased by the antioxidant N-acetyl cysteine. In contrast, overexpression of the p47(phox) binding domain of TRAF4 blocked endothelial cell JNK activation by TNFalpha and HIV-1 Tat, suggesting an uncoupling of p47(phox) from upstream signaling events. A secondary screen of endothelial cell proteins for TRAF4-interacting partners yielded a number of proteins known to control cell fate. We

conclude that endothelial cell agonists such as TNFalpha and HIV-1 Tat initiate signals that enter basic signaling cassettes at the level of TRAF4 and an NAD(P)H oxidase. We speculate that endothelial cells may target endogenous oxidant production to specific sites critical to cytokine signaling as a mechanism for increasing signal specificity and decreasing toxicity of these reactive species.

## => d his

(FILE 'HOME' ENTERED AT 14:39:20 ON 08 JUL 2005)

	FILE 'M	EDLIN	E, BIO	SIS,	EMBASE,	CAPLUS	' ENTERED	AT	14:39:49	ON	80	JUL	2005
L1	:	245 S	LUO Y	ING/	AU								
L2		178 S	XU XI	ang/	AU								
L3		1 S	MKINA	SE									
L4		4 S	TRAF4	(S)	INTERACT	'ING (S)	PROTEIN?						
L5		182 D	JP REM	L1	(63 DUPL	ICATES	REMOVED)						
T.6		146 D	IP REM	1.2	(32 DUPL	TCATES	REMOVED)						